

46 Medicare-Certified ASCs in Nebraska

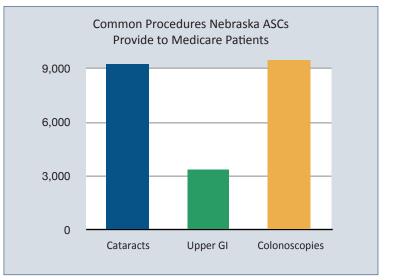
Ambulatory Surgery Centers (ASCs) provide Medicare beneficiaries essential surgical services. The procedures ASCs perform most often are cataract surgeries, colonoscopies, endoscopies and orthopedic procedures.

ASCs Save Medicare Money

- According to a recent UC-Berkeley study, ASCs save Medicare \$2.3 billion each year on the 120 most common procedures that they perform for Medicare beneficiaries.
- According to the same study, if the ASC share within the Medicare system increased only 3%, the savings could exceed \$57.6 billion over 10 years.

ASCs Save Medicare Money in Nebraska

- In 2014, Medicare saved \$7.2 million on cataract procedures because its beneficiaries elected to have those procedures performed in Nebraska ASCs.
- Nebraska patients saved more than \$1 million for a Upper GI procedures performed in ASCs.
- Medicare saved an additional \$3 million on colonoscopies because they were performed in Nebraska ASCs.



Closing the Gap in Medicare Reimbursement Rates

- Closing the gap in hospital outpatient department (HOPD) and ASC reimbursement rates would help to move volume out of the higher-priced HOPDs and into cost-effective ASCs.
- In 2014, ASCs are paid only 55% of what HOPDs are for performing the same procedures. If this disparity continues to grow, the fundamental financial viability of ASCs as a health provider will be at risk.
- Medicare's current payment structure gives ASCs less ability than other providers to keep up with the rising costs in health care.



For more information, contact Steve Miller at 703.836.8808 or smiller@ascassociation.org. Based on ASCA analysis of Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services 2014 data and University of California Berkeley study "Medicare Cost Savings Tied to Ambulatory Surgery Centers."